



Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

Preliminary

ELECTRONICS



TO : DELL/Compal

DATE : January. 24th , 2008.

SAMSUNG TFT-LCD

MODEL NO.: LTN133AT01

NOTE: extension code [2] Surface type [Glare]

The information described in this SPEC is preliminary and can be changed without prior notice.

APPROVED BY: K. H. Shine

PREPARED BY: LCD Product Planning Group 1

SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.



Samsung Secret

Doc.No. Rev.No LTN133AT01-2 04-P00-S-080124 Page 1 / 27

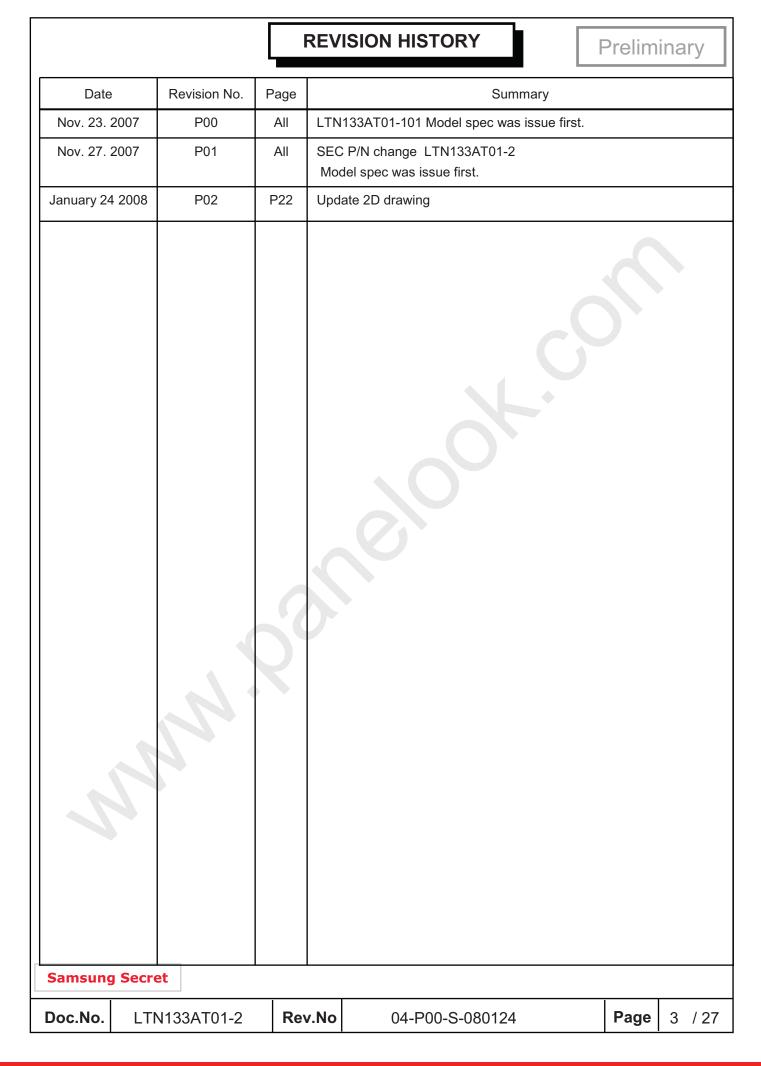


Preliminary CONTENTS ----(3) **Revision History** -----(4) **General Description** 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings 1.1 Absolute Ratings of environment 1.2 Electrical Absolute Ratings 2. Optical Characteristics 3. Electrical Characteristics 3.1 TFT LCD Module 3.2 Backlight Unit 3.3 Inverter 4. Block Diagram 4.1 TFT LCD Module 4.2 Backlight Unit 5. Input Terminal Pin Assignment 5.1 Input Signal & Power 5.2 LVDS Interface 5.3 Backlight Unit 5.4 Timing Diagrams of LVDS For Transmitting 5.5 Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color. 5.6 Pixel format 6. Interface Timing 6.1 Timing Parameters -----(23) 6.2 Timing Diagrams of interface Signal 6.3 Power ON/OFF Sequence 7. Outline Dimension -----(25) 8. Packing ----- (26) 9. Markings & Others ----- (27) 10. General Precaution -----(29)

Samsung Secret

 Doc.No.
 LTN133AT01-2
 Rev.No
 04-P00-S-080124
 Page
 2 / 27







GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DESCRIPTION

LTN133AT01 is a color active matrix TFT (Thin Film Transistor) liquid crystal display (LCD) that uses amorphous silicon TFT as a switching devices. This model is composed of a TFT LCD panel, a driver circuit and a backlight unit. The resolution of a 13.3" contains 1,280 x 800 pixels and can display up to 262,144 colors. 6 O'clock direction is the Optimum viewing angle.

FEATURES

- High contrast ratio, high aperture structure
- 1280 x 800 pixels resolution
- · Low power consumption
- Fast Response
- Single CCFL
- DE(Data enable) only mode
- 3.3V LVDS Interface
- Onboard EEDID chip

APPLICATIONS

- Notebook PC
- If the usage of this product is not for PC application, but for others, please contact SEC.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Item Specification		Unit	Note
Display area	268.08(H) x 178.80(V) (13.3" diagonal)	mm	
Driver element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display colors	262,144		
Number of pixel	1280 x RGB(3) x 800	pixel	16 : 10
Pixel arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Pixel pitch	0.2235(H) x 0.2235(V) (TYP.)	mm	113.6DPI
Display Mode	Normally white		
Surface treatment	Haze 0, Hard-Coating 3H		Glare

Doc.No. LTN133AT01-2 Rev.No 04-P00-S-080124 Page 4 /
--



Mechanical Information

Preliminary

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal (H)	298.5	299.0	299.5	mm	
Module size	Vertical (V)	194.5	195.0	195.5	mm	
	Depth (D)	-	-	5.5	mm	
Weight			352	360	g	

Note (1) Measurement condition of outline dimension

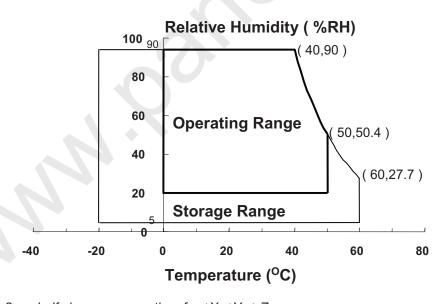
. Equipment : Bernier Calipers . Push Force : 500g ·f (minimum)

1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

1.1 ENVIRONMENTAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Storage temperate	TSTG	-20	60	°C	(1)
Operating temperate (Temperature of glass surface)	TOPR	0	50	°C	(1)
Shock (non-operating)	Snop	-	240	G	(2),(4)
Vibration (non-operating)	Vnop	-	2.41	G	(3),(4)

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. 95 % RH Max. (40 $^{\circ}$ C \geq Ta) Maximum wet - bulb temperature at 39 $^{\circ}$ C or less. (Ta > 40 $^{\circ}$ C) No condensation



- (2) 2ms, half sine wave, one time for $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$.
- (3) 5-500 Hz, random vibration, 30min for X, Y, Z.
- (4) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the Module to be tested have to be hard and rigid enough so that the Module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

Doc.No. LTN133AT01-2 Rev.No 04-P00-S-080124 Page 5 / 3	27	
--	----	--



1.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

(1) TFT LCD MODULE

 V_{DD} =3.3V, V_{SS} = GND = 0V

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	VSS - 0.3	3.6	V	(1)

Note (1) Within Ta (25 \pm 2 $^{\circ}C$)

(2) BACK-LIGHT UNIT

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Lamp Current	lι	2.0	7.0	mArms	(1)
Lamp frequency	FL	50	80	kHz	(1)

Note 1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions described under normal operating conditions.

Samsung Secret

 Doc.No.
 LTN133AT01-2
 Rev.No
 04-P00-S-080124
 Page
 6 / 27



2. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The following items are measured under stable conditions. The optical characteristics should be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the methods shown in Note (5). Measuring equipment: TOPCON SR-3 and SR-3

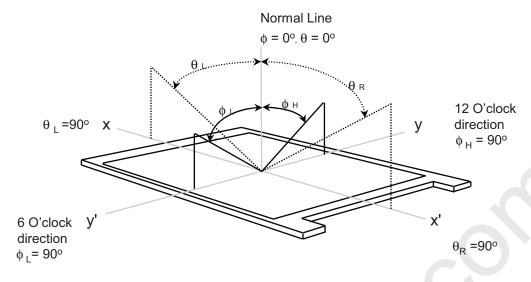
		* Ta	$a = 25 \pm 2$ °C	, VDD=3.3\	V, fv= 60ŀ ·	Hz, fdclk = 4	18.15MHz, I □	L = 6.0 mArms	
ltem		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note	
Contrast Ratio (5 Points)		CR		500	-	-	-	(1), (2), (5)	
Response Time at Ta (Rising + Falling)		Ткт_вж		-	25	35	msec	(1), (3)	
Average Luminance of White (5 Points)		YL,AVE		200	220	-	cd/m ²	I _L =6.0mA (1), (4)	
	-	Rx		0.555	0.585	0.615			
Color Chromaticity	Red	Ry		0.310	0.340	0.370	-	(1), (5) SR-3	
		Gx	Normal	0.295	0.325	0.355			
	Green	G _Y	Viewing Angle	0.510	0.540	0.570			
(CIE)		Вх	$ \phi = 0 $	0.121	0.151	0.181			
	Blue	Вү		0.103	0.133	0.163			
		Wx		0.293	0.313	0.333			
	White	Wy		0.309	0.329	0.349			
Color Ga	mut			-	45	-	%		
	lla.	θι		40	-	-			
Viewing	Hor.	θн	OD > 40	40	-	-	Degrees		
Angle	Ver.	фн	CR ≥ 10	15	-	-			
		фь		30	-	-			
13 Poir White Vari		δι		-	-	1.8	-	(6)	

Doc.No. LTN133AT01-2 Rev.No 04-P00-S-080124 Page 7 /
--



Note 1) Definition of Viewing Angle : Viewing angle range($10 \le C/R$, $100 \le C/R$)

Preliminary

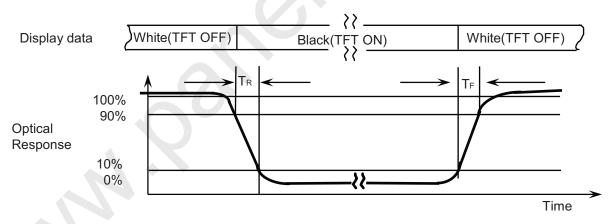


Note 2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR): Ratio of gray max (Gmax) ,gray min (Gmin) at 5 points(4, 5, 7, 9, 10)

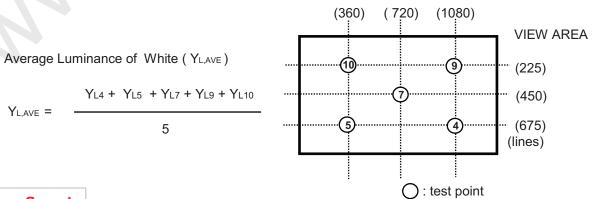
$$CR = \frac{CR(4) + CR(5) + CR(7) + CR(9) + CR(10)}{5}$$

Points : (4), (5), (7), (9), (10) at the figure of Note (6).

Note 3) Definition of Response time :



Note 4) Definition of Average Luminance of White: measure the luminance of white at 5 points.



Doc.No.LTN133AT01-2Rev.No	04-P00-S-080124	Page	8 / 27
---------------------------	-----------------	------	--------

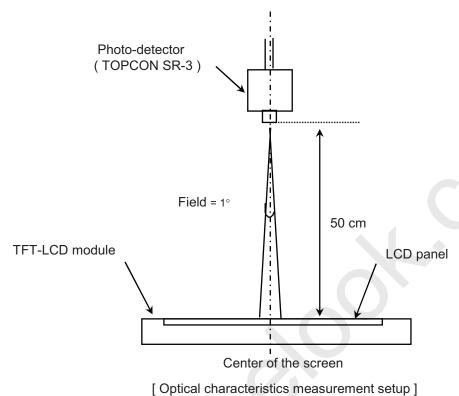
Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

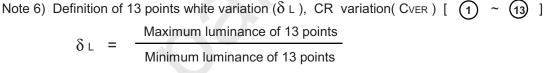


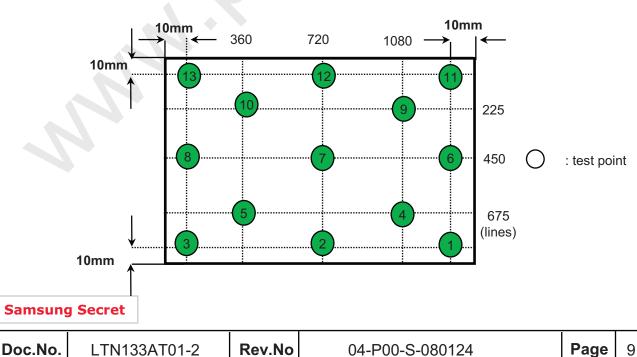
Preliminary

Note 5) After stabilizing and leaving the panel alone at a given temperature for 30 min , the measurement should be executed. Measurement should be executed in a stable, windless, and dark room. 30 min after lighting the backlight. This should be measured in the center of screen.

Lamp current: 6.0mA (Inverter: SIC-130T) Environment condition : Ta = 25 ± 2 °C







LTN133AT01-2 04-P00-S-080124 9 / 27



3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Preliminary

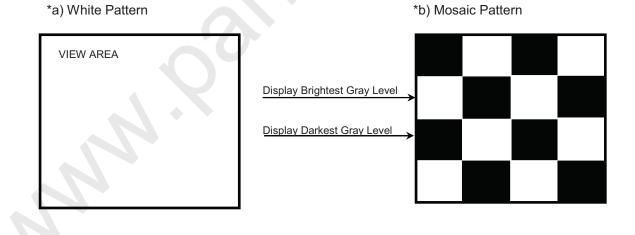
3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta= $25 \pm 2^{\circ}C$

Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Voltage of Power Supply		V _{DD}	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Differential Input	High	VIH	ı	-	+100	mV	V _{CM} = +1.2V
Voltage for LVDS Receiver Threshold	Low	VIL	-100	-	-	mV	
Vsync Frequency		fv	50	60	65	Hz	
Hsync Frequency		fн	-	48.96	-	KHz	
Main Frequency		fdclk	-	71.11	-	MHz	
Rush Current		Irush	-	-	1.5	Α	(4)
	White		-	320		mA	(2),(3)*a
Current of Power Supply	Mosaic	ldd	-	340	-	mA	(2),(3)*b
	V. stripe		-	400	480	mA	(2),(3)*c

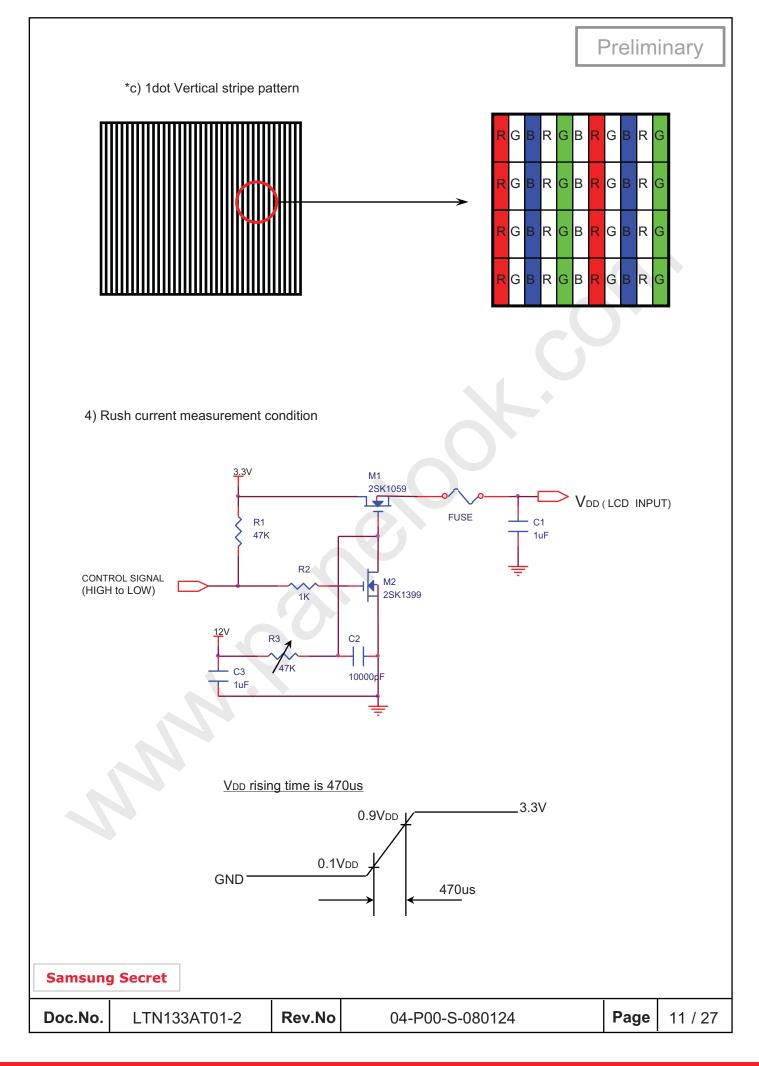
Note (1) Display data pins and timing signal pins should be connected.(GND = 0V)

- (2) $f_V = 60 \text{Hz}$, $f_{DCLK} = 71.11 \text{MHZ}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{V}$, DC Current.
- (3) Power dissipation pattern



						ı
Doc.No.	LTN133AT01-2	Rev.No	04-P00-S-080124	Page	10 / 27	







3.2 BACK-LIGHT UNIT Preliminary

The backlight system is an edge-lighting type with a single CCFL (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp). The characteristics of a single lamp are shown in the following table.

- INVERTER : Foxconn , Logah

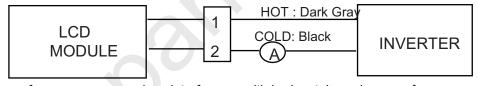
Ta= 25 \pm 2 $^{\circ}$ C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Lamp Current	lι	2.0 (Duty 20%)	6.0	6.5	mArms	(1)
Lamp Voltage	VL	-	640	ı	Vrms	I∟= 6.0mA
Frequency	f∟	50	-	65	KHz	(2)
Power Consumption	PL	-	3.9	-	W	(3) I _L = 6.0mA
Operating Life Time	Hr	15,000	-	ı	Hour	(4), I∟= 6.5mA
Startup Valtage	Vs			1200	Vrms	25°C, (5)
Startup Voltage	VS	-	-	1400	Vrms	0°C, (5)

Note) The waveform of the inverter output voltage must be area symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp.

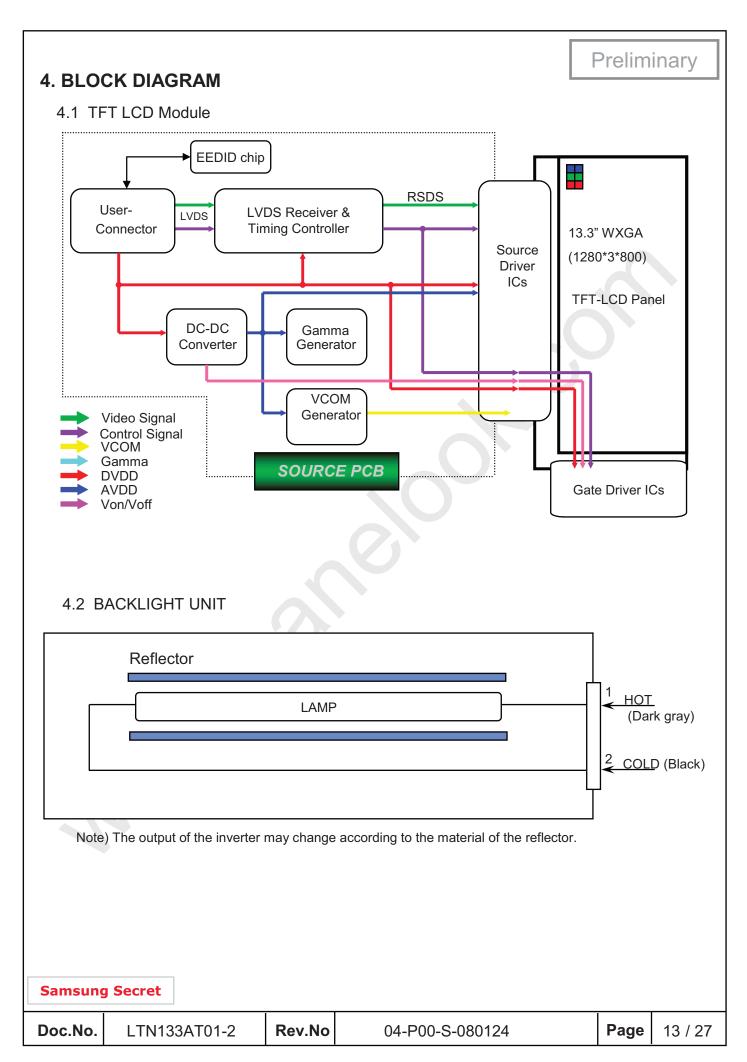
The performance of the backlight, for example life time or brightness, is much influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the backlight and the inverter(miss lighting, flicker, etc.) never occur. When you confirm it, the module should be operated in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.

Note (1) Lamp current is measured with a high frequency current meter as shown below.



- (2) Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency and this may cause line flow on the display. Therefore lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible in order to avoid interference.
- (3) Refer to $I_L \times V_L$ to calculate.
- (4) Life time (Hr) of a lamp can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition Ta= 25 ± 2 °C and I_L = 6.5 mArms until one of the following event occurs.
 - 1. When the brightness becomes 50% or lower than the original.
 - When the Effective ignition length becomes 80% or lower than the original value. (Effective ignition length is defined as an area that has less than 70% brightness compared to the brightness in the center point.)
- (5) The inverter open voltage this voltage should be measured after ballast capacitor- have to be larger than the lamp startup voltage, otherwise backlight may has blinking for a moment after turns on or not be turned on.
 - If an inverter has shutdown function it should keep its open voltage for longer than 1 second even if lamp connector open.

Doc.No. LTN133AT01-2 Rev.No 04-P00-S-080124 Page 12 / 27
--





5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1. Input Signal & Power (LVDS, Connector : JAE FI-XB30SRL-HF11 or compatible) Mating Connector : JAE FI-X30CL or compatible)

No.	Symbol	Function	Polarity	Remarks
1	VSS	Ground		
2	VDD	POWER SUPPLY +3.3V		
3	VDD	POWER SUPPLY +3.3V		
4	VEEDID	DDC 3.3V Power		
5	BIST	Panel BIST enable		
6	CLKEDID	DDC Clock		
7	DATAEDID	DDC data		
8	RxIN0-	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (R0-R5,G0)	Negative	
9	RxIN0+	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (R0-R5,G0)	Positive	
10	GND	Ground		
11	RxIN1-	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (G1-G5,B0-B1)	Negative	
12	RxIN1+	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (Odd G1-G5,B0-B1)	Positive	
13	GND	Ground		
14	RxIN2-	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (B2-B5,Sync,DE)	Negative	
15	RxIN2+	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (B2-B5,Sync,DE)	Positive	
16	GND	Ground		
17	RxCLK-	LVDS Differential Data INPUT	Negative	
18	RxCLK+	LVDS Differential Data INPUT	Positive	
19	GND	Ground		
20	NC	No connection		
21	NC	No connection		
22	NC	No connection		
23	NC	No connection		
24	NC	No connection		
25	NC	No connection		
26	NC	No connection		
27	NC	No connection		
28	NC	No connection		
29	NC	No connection		
30	NC	No connection		

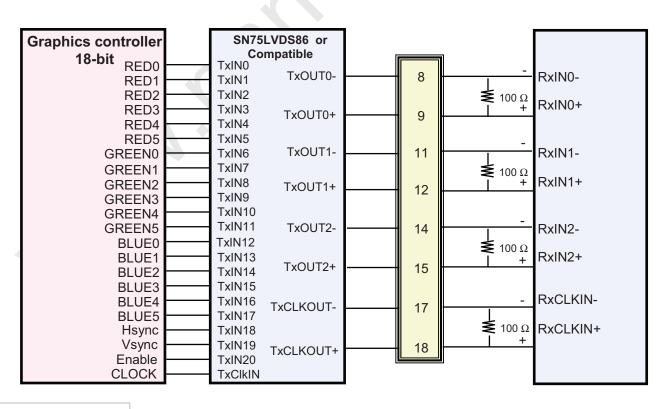


5.2 LVDS Interface: Transmitter DS90CF363 or Compatible

LVDS for Odd pixel

Pin No.	Name	RGB Signal	Pin No.	Name	RGB Signal
44	TxIN0	RO0	12	TxIN11	GO5
45	TxIN1	RO1	13	TxIN12	BO0
47	TxIN2	RO2	15	TxIN13	BO1
48	TxIN3	RO3	16	TxIN14	BO2
1	TxIN4	RO4	18	TxIN15	ВО3
3	TxIN5	RO5	19	TxIN16	BO4
4	TxIN6	GO0	20	TxIN17	BO5
6	TxIN7	GO1	22	TxIN18	Hsync
7	TxIN8	GO2	23	TxIN19	Vsync
9	TxIN9	GO3	25	TxIN20	DE
10	TxIN10	GO4	26	TxCLK IN	Clock

LVDS INTERFACE



Doc.No.	LTN133AT01-2	Rev.No	04-P00-S-080124	Page	15 / 27



5.3 BACK LIGHT UNIT

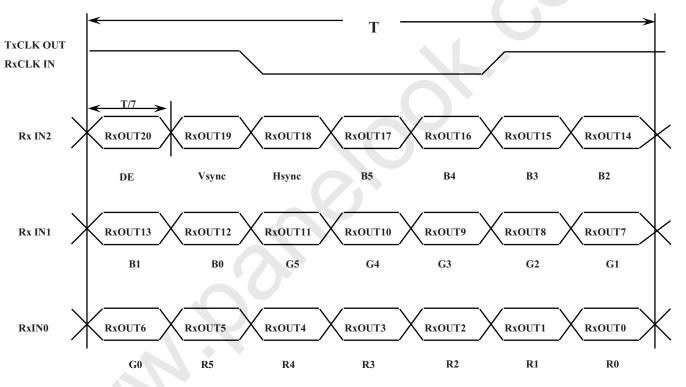
Preliminary

Connector : JST BHSR - 02VS -1 Mating Connector : SM02B-BHSS-1(JST)

Pin NO.	Symbol	Color	Function
1	НОТ	Dark gray	High Voltage
2	COLD	Black	Low Voltage

5.4 Timing Diagrams of LVDS For Transmission

LVDS Receiver : Integrated T-CON



Doc.No.	LTN133AT01-2	Rev.No	04-P00-S-080124	Page	16 / 27	

5.5 Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

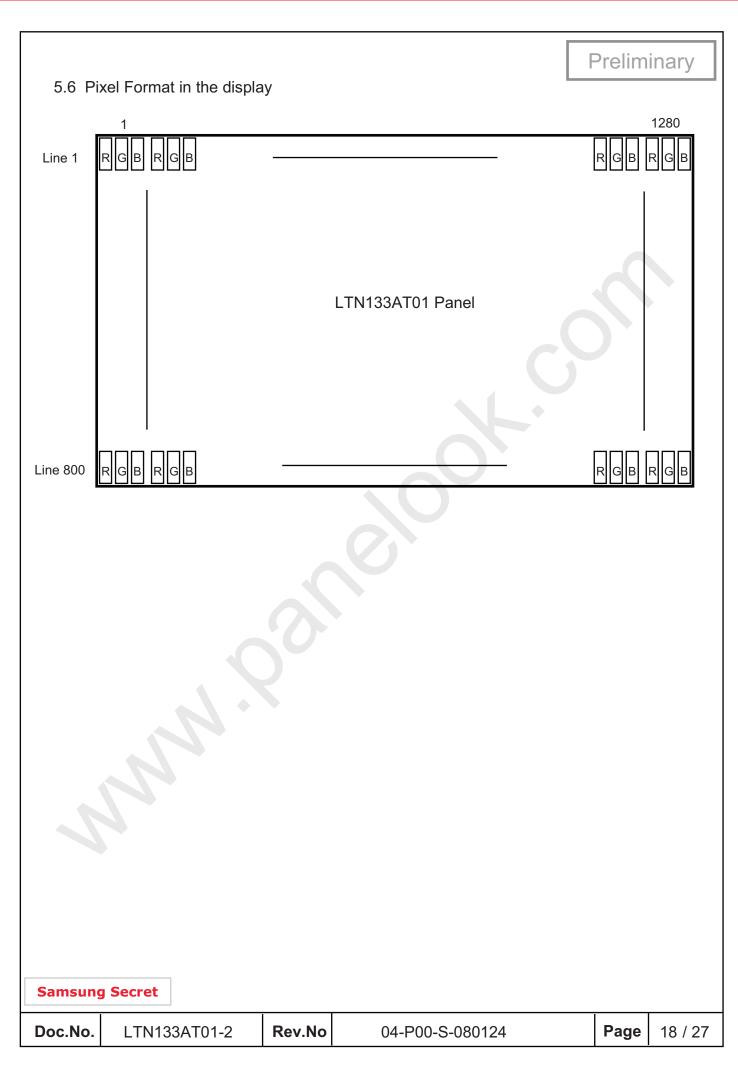
											Sign	al								Gray
Color	Display		ı	Re	ed					Gre		ı			ı	BI	ue	ı		Scale
		R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	B0	B1	B2	В3	45	B5	Level
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
Basic	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
Colors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R0
	Dark	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R1
Gray	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R2
Scale	:	:	••	• •	••	• •	••	• •	• •	••	• •		1		:	:	•••	:	••	R3~R60
Of Red	:	:	• •	• •				• •	• •				:):	• •		:		:	K3~K00
	\downarrow	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R61
	Light	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R62
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R63
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G0
	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G1
Gray	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G2
Scale	:	:	:	:		:		· :	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	00.000
Of	:	:	:						:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	G3~G60
Green	\downarrow	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	G61
	Light	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	G62
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	G63
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	В0
	Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	B1
Gray	\uparrow	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	B2
Scale		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	DO TO
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B3~B60
Blue	\downarrow	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	B61
	Light	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	B62
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	B63

Note 1) Definition of gray:

Rn: Red gray, Gn: Green gray, Bn: Blue gray (n=gray level)

Note 2)Input signal: 0 =Low level voltage, 1=High level voltage

Doc.No. LTN133AT01-2 Rev.No 04-P00-S-080124 Page 17 /	27
---	----





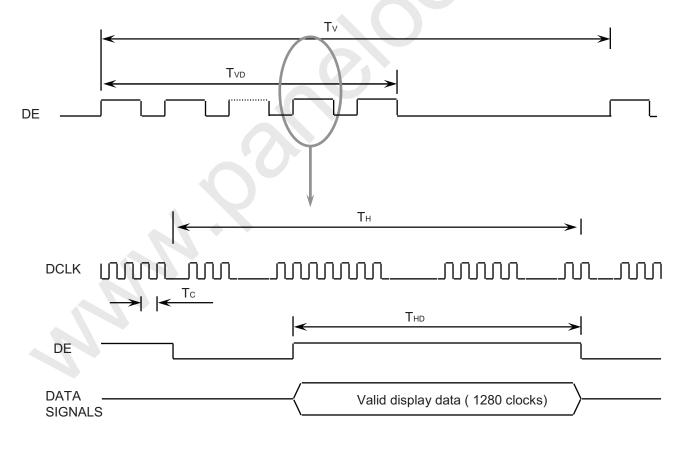
6. INTERFACE TIMING

Preliminary

6.1 Timing Parameters

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Frame Frequency	Cycle	TV	1	816	-	Lines	-
Vertical Active Display Term	Display Period	TVD	-	800	-	Lines	-
One Line Scanning Time	Cycle	ТН	-	1408	-	Clocks	-
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display Period	THD	-	1280		Clocks	-

6.2 Timing diagrams of interface signal



Doc.No.	LTN133AT01-2	Rev.No	04-P00-S-080124	Page	19 / 27	
---------	--------------	--------	-----------------	------	---------	--



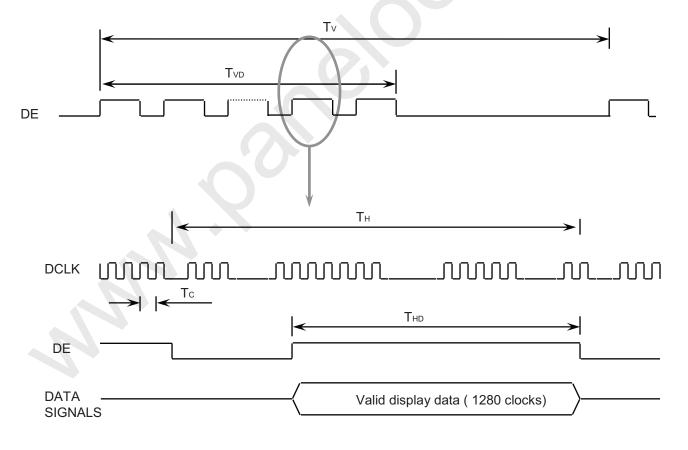
6. INTERFACE TIMING

Preliminary

6.1 Timing Parameters

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Frame Frequency	Cycle	TV	1	817	-	Lines	
Vertical Active Display Term	Display Period	TVD	ı	800	-	Lines	
One Line Scanning Time	Cycle	TH	-	1451		Clocks	
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display Period	THD	-	1280	C	Clocks	

6.2 Timing diagrams of interface signal



Doc.No.	LTN133AT01-2	Rev.No	04-P00-S-080124	Page	20 / 27
---------	--------------	--------	-----------------	------	---------

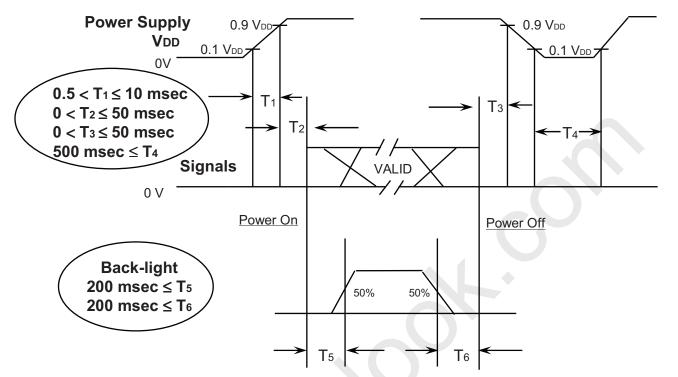


6.3 Power ON/OFF Sequence

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

Preliminary

: To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of the LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Power ON/OFF Sequence

T1: Vdd rising time from 10% to 90%

T2: The time from Vdd to valid data at power ON.

T3: The time from valid data off to Vdd off at power Off.

T4: Vdd off time for Windows restart

T5: The time from valid data to B/L enable at power ON.

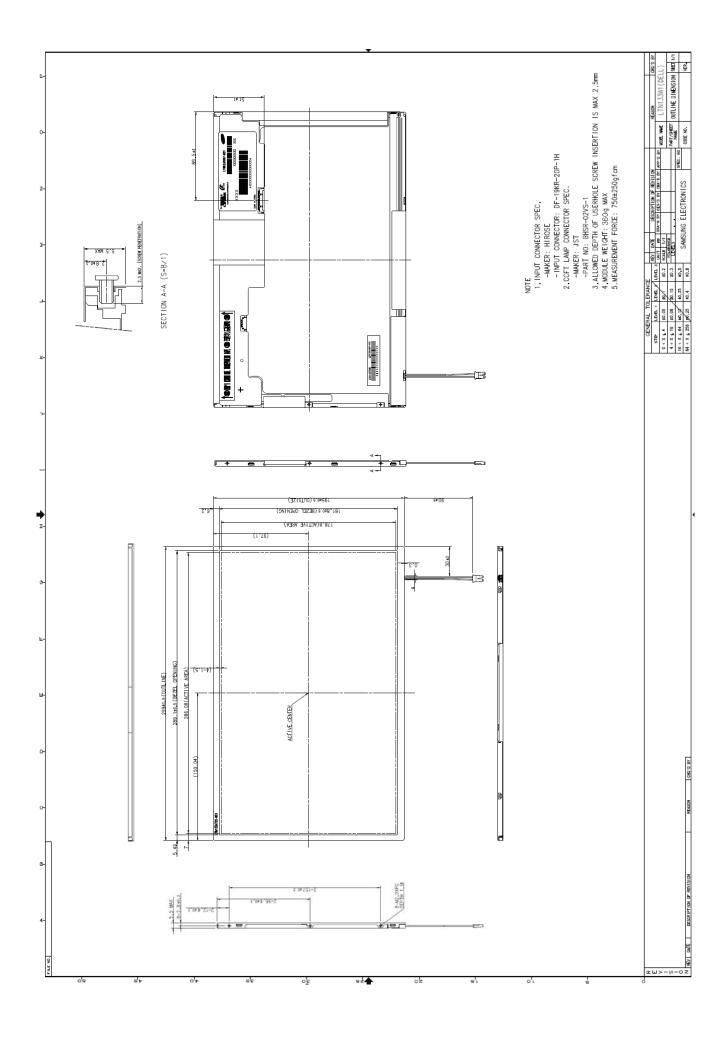
T6: The time from valid data off to B/L disable at power Off.

NOTE.

- (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of VDD.
- (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the back-light turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the back-light turns off, the display may momentarily become white.
- (3) In case of VDD = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.

Doc.No. LTN133AT01-2 Rev.No 04-P00-S-080124 Page 21	/ 27	
---	------	--

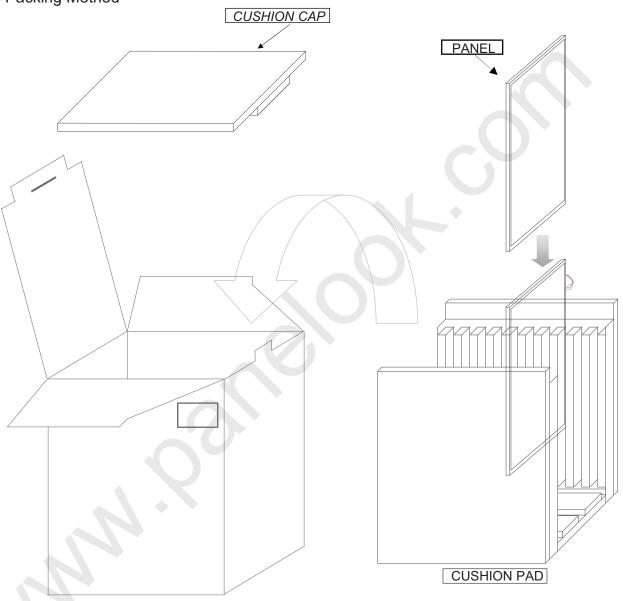






- CARTON(Internal Package)
 - (1) Packing Form Corrugated Cardboard box and Corrupad form as shock absorber





Note 1)Total Weight: Approximately 5 kg 2) Acceptance number of piling: 10 sets 3) Carton size: 408(W)×325(D)×294(H)

Samsung Secret

Doc.No. Rev.No **Page** LTN133AT01-2 04-P00-S-080124 23 / 27

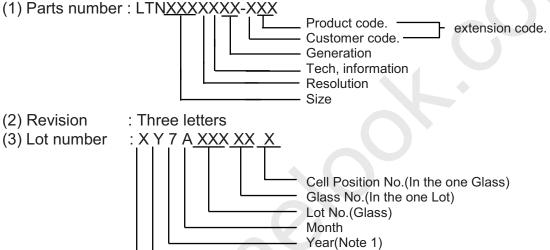
ā	٠	ĕ		
r	5	٩	١	
٦	7	ı	4	
2	,			

No	Part name	Quantity	
1	Static electric protective sack	10	
2	Packing case (Inner box) included shock absorber	1 set	
3	Pictorial marking	2 pcs	
4	Carton	1 set	

9. MARKINGS & OTHERS

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

A nameplate bearing followed by is affixed to a shipped product at the specified location on each product.

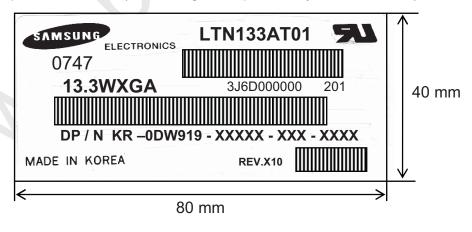


NOTE 1). This code indicating year is omitted in the products of KIHENG site.

Product Code

Line

(5) Nameplate Indication(Following example is only for reference)



Parts name : LTN133AT01 : 3J6D000000 Lot number

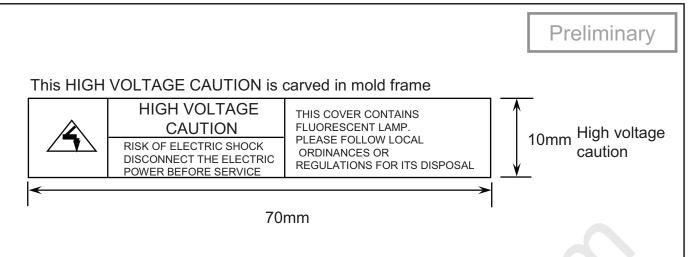
Inspected work week: 0747

DP/N : Dell Part Number ("**0DW919**" is for 133AT01-2)

REV.X10 : Product Revision Code **Samsung Secret**

Doc.No. LTN133AT01-2 Rev.No 04-P00-S-080124 **Page** 24 / 27





(6) Packing small box attach (Following example is only for reference)



(7) Packing box Marking: Samsung TFT-LCD Brand Name



Samsung Secret

 Doc.No.
 LTN133AT01-2
 Rev.No
 04-P00-S-080124
 Page
 25 / 27



10. GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

Preliminary

1. Handling

- (a) When the module is assembled, It should be attached to the system firmly using every mounting holes. Be careful not to twist and bend the modules.
- (b) Refrain from strong mechanical shock and / or any force to the module. In addition to damage, this may cause improper operation or damage to the module and CCFT back-light.
- (c) Note that polarizers are very fragile and could be easily damaged. Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead.
- (d) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. If you leave the droplets for a long time, Staining and discoloration may occur.
- (e) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, clean it using some absorbent cotton or soft cloth.
- (f) The desirable cleaners are water, IPA (Isoprophyl Alcohol) or Hexane.

 Do not use Ketone type materials(ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanent damage to the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (g) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (h) Protect the module from static, it may cause damage to the C-MOS Gate Array IC.
- (i) Use fingerstalls with soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (j) Do not disassemble the module.
- (k) Do not pull or fold the lamp wire.
- (I) Do not adjust the variable resistor which is located on the back side.
- (m) Protection film for polarizer on the module shall be slowly peeled off just before use so that the electrostatic charge can be minimized.
- (n) Pins of I/F connector shall not be touched directly with bare hands.

Doc.No.	LTN133AT01-2	Rev.No	04-P00-S-080124	Page	26 / 27	
---------	--------------	--------	-----------------	------	---------	--



2. STORAGE

Preliminary

- (a) Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35 °C and relative humidity of less than 70%.
- (b) Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight.
- (c) The module shall be stored in a dark place. It is prohibited to apply sunlight or fluorescent light during the store.

3. OPERATION

- (a) Do not connect, disconnect the module in the "Power On" condition.
- (b) Power supply should always be turned on/off by following item 6.3 "Power on/off sequence ".
- (c) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.
- (d) The cable between the back-light connector and its inverter power supply shall be a minimized length and be connected directly. The longer cable between the back-light and the inverter may cause lower luminance of lamp(CCFT) and may require higher startup voltage (Vs).
- (e) The standard limited warranty is only applicable when the module is used for general notebook applications. If used for purposes other than as specified, SEC is not to be held reliable for the defective operations. It is strongly recommended to contact SEC to find out fitness for a particular purpose.

4. OTHERS

- (a) Ultra-violet ray filter is necessary for outdoor operation.
- (b) Avoid condensation of water. It may result in improper operation or disconnection of electrode.
- (c) Do not exceed the absolute maximum rating value. (the supply voltage variation, input voltage variation, variation in part contents and environmental temperature, so on) Otherwise the module may be damaged.
- (d) If the module displays the same pattern continuously for a long period of time, it can be the situation when the image "sticks" to the screen.
- (e) This module has its circuitry PCB's on the rear side and should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.

Doc.No. LTN133AT01-2 Rev.No 04-P00-S-080	124 Page 27 / 27
--	-------------------------